B 104 [08/07]

| ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SHE<br>(Instructions on Reverse)   | ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NUMBER (Court Use Only)  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| PLAINTIFFS RONALD E. STADTMUELLER   | DEFENDANTS JUMPTV   |  |  |  |  |
| ATTORNEYS (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone No.) John L. Morrell, Esq. (Bar No. 116879) Rahil K. Swigart, Esq. (Bar No. 225881) HIGGS FLETCHER & MACK LLP, 401 West A Street, Suite 2600, San Diego, CA 92101; TEL: (619) 236-1551   | ATTORNEYS (If Known) Stacey Sabo, Esq. NeuLion 800 Central Park Drive Sanford, Florida 32771  |  |  |  |  |
| PARTY (Check One Box Only)  Debtor U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin Creditor Other  Trustee  | PARTY (Check One Box Only)  □ Debtor □ U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin  ∨ Creditor □ Other  Trustee   |  |  |  |  |
| CAUSE OF ACTION (WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE OF ACTION, INCLUDING ALL U.S. STATUTES INVOLVED)  Complaint to avoid and recover preferential transfers pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 547 and 550.  NATURE OF SUIT   |   |  |  |  |  |
| FRBP 7001(1) – Recovery of Money/Property  11 - Recovery of money/property - § 542 turnover of property  12 - Recovery of money/property - § 547 preference  13 - Recovery of money/property - § 548 fraudulent transfer  14 - Recovery of money/property - other  FRBP 7001(2) – Validity, Priority or Extent of Lien  21 - Validity, priority or extent of lien or other interest in property  FRBP 7001(3) – Approval of Sale of Property  31 - Approval of sale of property of estate and of co-owner - § 363(h)  FRBP 7001(4) – Objection/Revocation of Discharge  41 - Objection / revocation of discharge - § 727(c),(d),(e)  FRBP 7001(5) – Revocation of Confirmation  51 - Revocation of confirmation  FRBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability  62 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(1),(14),(14A) priority tax claims  63 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(2), false pretenses, false representation, actual fraud  64 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(4), fraud as fiduciary, embezzlement, larceny  (continued next column) | ### FRBP 7001(9) Dischargeability (continued)    FRBP 7001(6) - Dischargeability (continued)   FRBP 7001(6) - Dischargeability (continued)   61 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(5), domestic support   68 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(6), willful and malicious injury   63 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(8), student loan   64 - Dischargeability - § 523(a)(15), divorce or separation obligation   (other than domestic support)   65 - Dischargeability - other    FRBP 7001(7) Injunctive Relief   71 - Injunctive relief - reinstatement of stay   72 - Injunctive relief - other    FRBP 7001(8) Subordination of Claim or Interest   81 - Subordination of claim or interest   FRBP 7001(9) Declaratory Judgment   91 - Declaratory judgment    FRBP 7001(10) Determination of Removed Action   01 - Determination of removed claim or cause    Other   SS-SIPA Case - 15 U.S.C. §§ 78aaa et.seq.     02 - Other (e.g. other actions that would have been brought in state court if unrelated to bankruptcy case) |  |  |  |  |
| Check if this case involves a substantive issue of state law  Check if a jury trial is demanded in complaint  | Check if this is asserted to be a class action under FRCP 23  Demand \$ 59,477.31   |  |  |  |  |
| Other Relief Sought   |   |  |  |  |  |

B 104 (Page 2) [08/07]

| BANKRUPTCY CASE IN WHICH THIS ADVERSARY PROCEEDING ARISES |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| NAME OF DEBTOR  |                                       | BANKRUPTCY CASE NO. |                      |                          |  |  |
| EPIC CYCLE INTERACTIVE, INC.                              |                                       | 08-03289-JM7        |                      |                          |  |  |
| DIOTRICT IN HUMBOU CASE IS SENT                           |                                       | I DIVIDIONAL OFFICE | NAME OF #            | IDOE                     |  |  |
| DISTRICT IN WHICH CASE IS PENDING                         |                                       | DIVISIONAL OFFICE   | NAME OF JU           |                          |  |  |
| SOUTHERN DISTRICT   |                                       |                     | Hon. James W. Meyers |                          |  |  |
|   |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| RELATED ADVERSARY PROCEEDING (IF ANY)                     |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| PLAINTIFF   |                                       | DEFENDANT           |                      | ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NO. |  |  |
|   |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| DISTRICT IN WHICH ADVERSARY IS PENDING                    |                                       | DIVISIONAL OFFICE   | NAME OF JUDGE        |                          |  |  |
|   |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF)                      |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| Dold Duryst   |                                       |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| DATE  | PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF) |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| 3/3/11  | Rahil K. Swigart                      |                     |                      |                          |  |  |
| 1   | I                                     |                     |                      |                          |  |  |

## INSTRUCTIONS

The filing of a bankruptcy case creates an "estate" under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court which consists of all of the property of the debtor, wherever that property is located. Because the bankruptcy estate is so extensive and the jurisdiction of the court so broad, there may be lawsuits over the property or property rights of the estate. There also may be lawsuits concerning the debtor's discharge. If such a lawsuit is filed in a bankruptcy court, it is called an adversary proceeding.

A party filing an adversary proceeding must also complete and file Form 104, the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet, unless the party files the adversary proceeding electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Filing system (CM/ECF). In some courts, the cover sheet is not required when the adversary proceeding is filed electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Files (CM/ECF) system. (CM/ECF captures the information on Form 104 as part of the filing process.) When completed, the cover sheet summarizes basic information on the adversary proceeding. The clerk of court needs the information to process the adversary proceeding and prepare required statistical reports on court activity.

The cover sheet and the information contained on it do not replace or supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, the Bankruptcy Rules, or the local rules of court. The cover sheet, which is largely self-explanatory, must be completed by the plaintiff's attorney (or by the plaintiff if the plaintiff is not represented by an attorney). A separate cover sheet must be submitted to the clerk for each complaint filed.

Plaintiffs and Defendants. Give the names of the plaintiffs and the defendants exactly as they appear on the complaint.

Attorneys. Give the names and addresses of the attorneys, if known.

Party. Check the most appropriate box in the first column for the plaintiffs and in the second column for the defendants.

Demand. Enter the dollar amount being demanded in the complaint.

**Signature**. This cover sheet must be signed by the attorney of record in the box on the second page of the form. If the plaintiff is represented by a law firm, a member of the firm must sign. If the plaintiff is pro se, that is, not represented by an attorney, the plaintiff must sign.